



THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH
TOKYO AND ON BEHALF OF
SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST, LTD.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

TODAY'S WEATHER Moderate, occasional fresh East-South-East winds; cloudy in partly cloudy, with occasional showers. 1 p.m. Observations: Barometric pressure, 1013.5 mm., 29.03 in. Temperature, 82.2 deg. F. Dew point, 77 deg. F. Relative humidity, 84. Wind direction, East. Wind force, 21 knots. Rainfall: Mid-night yesterday to noon today, 2.53 in. Total since January 1, 93.68 in. High water: 9 ft., 6 in. at 6.21 a.m. (Wednesday).

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VOL. III NO. 229

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1948.

CRITICAL INTERNATIONAL SITUATION

Action On Thursday

Paris, Sept. 27.—Alexandre Parodi, France's delegate to the United Nations Security Council, said today the Western Powers will place the Berlin issue before the Council on Thursday if present plans are carried through.

A usually reliable source said both the United States and Britain will relinquish the presidency of the Council when the Berlin question comes before it.

Sir Alexander Cadogan of Britain is the Council's September president. The United States is scheduled to furnish the October president.—Associated Press.

BATTLE FOR TSINGING

ASSAULT BY REDS

Peiping, Sept. 27.—A battle is in progress for Tsingting in Suiyuan province, General Tsao-yi's headquarters in North China, announced.

It said Reds on Sunday attacked the town, which is on the Peiping-Suiyuan railroad 190 miles northwest of Peiping and 60 miles east of Kweisi, the capital of Suiyuan.

It said Nationalist regulars are reinforcing the defenders, who consisted only of militia.

Headquarters claimed the Nationalists repulsed a Red attack on their position east of Tungchien, a small walled town 12 miles east of Peiping.

Headquarters said the Reds started their attack on Sunday but were forced to retreat on Monday morning after the regulars had reinforced the defences.

It also reported clashes against 500 Reds southeast of Shunyi on the Peiping-Jehol railroad, 20 miles northeast of Peiping.—Associated Press.

EDITORIAL

HK Racing: Two Suggestions

THE racing season was resumed last Saturday, and as always, conducted in an exemplary manner. Fields were fairly good, starts left little to complain about and the results sufficiently upsetting to guarantee that spice of excitement and heartbreak without which racing would be a colourless and monotonous form of sport. Racing is extremely well conducted in Hongkong, with Jockey Club officials devoting many hours of their leisure time to the task of giving the public the best value for their money. Moreover, they bring to these duties long years of experience in organizing race meetings, coupled with unqualified enthusiasm for their responsibilities. And because of this it is with some diffidence that one advanced suggestions. But, as has been observed before, the Jockey Club has now reached a position where it has to serve extremely wide interests. Its patrons are not only its members but a very substantial portion of the general public. And it is the interests of the general racing public which might be usefully served. If the Jockey Club were to adopt two suggestions. One is institution of the acceptances system whereby ponies are nominated for their races at least three days before the meeting. This is a common practice in England, America, Australia and other countries, and its introduction in Hongkong would serve two useful purposes: it would give the off-the-course punter (i.e. the man who cannot or does not care to attend meetings, but gets his friend on the course to back for him) a chance of making his selections with some confidence, and would also enable the newspaper tipplers (upon whom a surprising number of

Western Allies Experts Meet

BERLIN DISPUTE: DECIDING ON PROCEDURE

London, Sept. 27.—American, British and French experts are meeting in Paris this evening at the French Foreign Office to decide the procedure to be followed in laying down the Berlin dispute before the United Nations Security Council. Officials expect that there will be a delay of some days before the Council discusses the question.

The three Foreign Ministers, after approving their experts' recommendations, will lodge a joint request with the Secretary General, Mr Trygve Lie, to pass on to the Chairman of the Security Council the demand for an urgent hearing of the dispute.

Mr Ernest Bevin's declaration to the Assembly today—largely a retort to that of the Soviet delegate, M. Andrei Vishinsky—was hailed by many delegations as a great speech.

Some of the comments included: Mr George Marshall: "Mr Bevin's speech was a wonderful statement of facts." Other United States delegates called it one of the best that Mr Bevin had ever made.

Dr T. F. Tsiang, the Chinese member of the Security Council: "It was a great speech. Its greatest contribution is the emphasis it placed on how the international situation has been complicated by ideological conflicts."

On the Berlin issue, the main procedural question for the Western powers is whether the case is to be laid under Chapter 6 or Chapter 7 of the United Nations Charter. Reuter's diplomatic correspondent wrote today.

SEVEN VOTES NEEDED

Chapter 6, which deals with the peaceful settlement of disputes, would eliminate the use of the great power veto, since all the great powers involved (the United States, Britain, France and Soviet Union) would be excluded from voting on interested parties.

Publication of the three-power note to Soviet Russia, accusing her of endangering peace by her blockade of Berlin has caused a great shock of fear among the French public today.

Paris newspaper headlines reflected the general apprehension, and it was an open secret that leading French diplomatic officials believed the Western powers had acted precipitately, as in the event of war there is no military "screen" of any value between the huge Soviet Army and Western Europe.

The French diplomatic commentator, Perlin, said today that the French Foreign Minister, M. Robert Schuman, had been "dragged in" by Mr Marshall and Mr Bevin.

The Conservative *Le Monde* doubted whether the decision to refer the issue to the United Nations would have any practical result but suggested that a solution might be found in negotiations on Germany as a whole.

DECISION WELCOMED

In Berlin, the City Assembly adopted unanimously today a resolution already approved by the City Magistrate welcoming the decision to bring the Berlin question before the Security Council.

Moscow newspapers today published a Soviet news agency dispatch from the United Nations describing the "representatives of the imperialist camp" as "grinding their teeth" as they listened to M. Vishinsky's disarmament proposals on Saturday.

M. George Zarubin, the Soviet Ambassador to Britain, is leaving London tomorrow for Paris, it was learned from an authoritative London source today.

Diplomatic quarters expected that M. Zarubin would discuss with M. Andrei Vishinsky, the Deputy Foreign Minister and head of the Soviet delegation to the United Nations General Assembly, the Soviet tactics in view of the Western powers' decision to refer the Berlin question to the Security Council.

In Washington today, the question being asked is whether the Soviet Union will now seek to gain by force what it has failed to win by negotiation in the Berlin crisis.

There is increased anxiety and gloom in the American capital judging from soundings in official circles and from reactions of the press and public, but there is no sign of hysteria or apprehension.

(Continued on Page 5)

Made Great Speech



MR ERNEST BEVIN

Soviet Plan To Destroy Air Lift

Berlin, September 27.—High United States sources said today that Russia has filed with the four power Air Safety Centre here a list of "regulations" which would knock out the Western air lift supplying blockaded Berlin.

The proposed Soviet rules would forbid instrument flights, mainly of the Berlin supply run, and would give the Soviet the right to turn away any plane seeking to land at the Tempelhof field in the United States sector.

The Russian authorities tried to force the Western Powers to accept the regulations. They insisted on the new regulations now governing flights. But the proposed rules were rejected flatly by the American, British and French Military Governments.

An American source said: "You can't sum up the regulations in a few words. They would make the air lift impossible."

The regulations, disclosed as the air lift operation went past its 100th day, would provide

FOUR CONDITIONS

Firstly, "Night flights along the air corridors are forbidden." That would eliminate between 50 and 60 per cent of the traffic now supplying Berlin.

Secondly, "Flight through dense clouds is forbidden." That would knock from 30 to 50 per cent of daytime traffic on the weather basis.

Thirdly, flights over various national sectors of greater Berlin will be made "only on permission of the appropriate command." Since the maintenance of the forces of occupation of the three Western Powers in Berlin and threatens the population with famine and economic ruin.

2. The three Governments cannot accept any arrangement which compromised their rights in Berlin, but are prepared to seek a practical arrangement compatible with their rights and obligations. It was agreed in Moscow to raise the blockade and introduce the Soviet mark in Berlin under four-power control.

3. Agreement was reached in Moscow on a directive to the four military governors for the lifting of the Berlin blockade simultaneously with the introduction of the Soviet Zone mark as the sole currency of Berlin under four-power control.

4. Generalissimo Stalin made clear that all the restrictions imposed before June 18, 1948, would be abolished, and that the four-power finance commission would have the right to control the German bank of issue in the Soviet Zone insofar as Berlin was concerned.

5. It was on the basis of this agreement with Generalissimo Stalin that an agreed directive was sent to the four commanders in Berlin.

6. The Soviet Commander-in-Chief of Berlin (Marshal Sokolovsky) did not deny these instructions. He insisted that restrictions be placed on air traffic and he refused to admit that the finance commission should exercise control over the bank of issue. He also claimed that trade between Berlin and the Western Zones should be placed under Soviet control.

7. During the discussions in Berlin the Soviet authorities tolerated the movements tending to overthrow the Berlin City authorities by violence.

8. On September 14, 1948, the representatives of the three Western Powers flew to Soviet Government's attention to the fact that the Soviet Commander-in-Chief in Berlin was not taking into con-

Allied Note To Russia

FOURTEEN MAIN POINTS: STALIN DOUBLE-CROSSES

Paris, Sept. 27.—Britain, the United States and France are expected to deliver to the United Nations today a copy of their three-power note to Russia on the Berlin issue, with an urgent request to have it placed on the Security Council's agenda—probably within the next few days.

The note—which accuses Russia of threatening peace and international security by her attitude in Berlin—was handed to the Soviet Ambassadors in Washington and Paris and is being delivered in London today.

The Foreign Ministers of the three countries—Mr Ernest Bevin, Mr George Marshall and M. Robert Schuman—drafted the note at the French Foreign Office yesterday in reply to the Russian note of September 25, which they declared yesterday, was "unsatisfactory."

The Western note contains 14 points, the last of which reads: "The Soviet Government has thus taken upon itself alone the entire responsibility of creating a situation in which it is no longer possible, in the present circumstances, to have recourse to the methods of settlement provided by Article 33 of the United Nations Charter and which situation constitutes a threat to international peace and security."

"In consequence, and in order that peace and international security shall no longer be threatened, the Governments of France, the United States and the United Kingdom, while reserving their right to take such measures as may be necessary to maintain their position in Berlin under the present circumstances, find themselves obliged to refer the acts of the Soviet Government to the Security Council of the United Nations, so that the parties in any dispute likely to endanger international peace and security should seek peaceful means of settlement such as negotiation or arbitration."

11. The Soviet reply of September 25, 1948, is not satisfactory. The concession made by the Soviet Government on the control of Berlin trade with the West is illusory. The Soviet Government wants to impose on transportation and communications between Berlin and the West restrictions which would place the supply of Berlin at its mercy and would give it the possibility of reimposing the blockade at any moment in the future.

12. The attitude of the Soviet Commander-in-Chief in Berlin during the negotiations and the encouragement given to the attempts to overthrow the Berlin Municipality proves that the Soviet Government refuses to carry out the agreements reached and wants to abolish the rights of the Western Powers in Berlin.

13. The question arising in Berlin is not a technical question but shows that the Soviet Government is trying to attain political objectives by illegal and coercive measures, that is to say, to give it absolute control of the economic, political and social life of Berlin and to incorporate the town in the Soviet Zone.—Reuter.

14. The police orders for Mr Au's arrest followed his report to the authorities of the loss of US\$50,300 which resulted in the detention of Cheng Yunn-kwei, the acting manager of the Shanghai branch of the Tiger Balm drug store.

Meanwhile, the economic police arrested another alleged big-time speculator named Shao Pao-lin, who, as accused by the authorities of having conducted blackmarket dealings in foreign exchange and gold bars amounting to HK\$334,000, US\$18,000 and over 50 ounces of gold bars.—Reuter.

Soviet Paper's Warning

Berlin, Sept. 27.—A Russian controlled newspaper said today that if the Western Powers force a United Nations debate on the Berlin crisis "a wedge will be driven into the United Nations which may split the entire world organization."

The first Communist reaction to the Allies bringing the blockade before the Security Council, came from the newspaper Vorwärts which titled its page one editorial "Playing with Fire."

Vorwärts repeated the persistent Communist claim that only the four occupying powers are authorised to negotiate the Berlin crisis and claimed Moscow had proved its desire "to bring the Berlin problem to a reasonable solution."

The anti-Communist Socialist Press, on the other hand, denounced Moscow's attitude in the Berlin negotiations as "policies uncompromising." It declared "the blockade must be broken without further concessions by the Western Powers.—Associated Press.

May Request Mr Aw Haw's Extradition

Shanghai, Sept. 28.—Major General Chiang Ching-kuo, the Deputy Economic Supervisor for the Shanghai area, is contemplating a request to the Hongkong authorities for the extradition of Mr Aw Haw, third son of the "Tiger Balm" king, Mr Au Boon Haw, who escaped by plane to the British colony yesterday morning an hour and a half before a warrant was issued for his arrest.

Mr Au Haw's arrest on charges of blackmarket dealings in gold bars and United States currency was ordered by General Chiang at 10 a.m. but he was then en route to Hongkong on board a CNAC plane which left Lunghua aero-drome at 8.30 a.m.

According to Chinese reports, Mr Au's reservation on the liner was made several days ago—before the authorities suspected his alleged dealings in United States dollars.

He was also equipped with an exit permit issued by the Garrison Headquarters which he had obtained on September 20, it was added.

The police orders for Mr Au's arrest followed his report to the authorities of the loss of US\$50,300 which resulted in the detention of Cheng Yunn-kwei, the acting manager of the Shanghai branch of the Tiger Balm drug store.

Meanwhile, the economic police arrested another alleged big-time speculator named Shao Pao-lin, who, as accused by the authorities of having conducted blackmarket dealings in foreign exchange and gold bars amounting to HK\$334,000, US\$18,000 and over 50 ounces of gold bars.—Reuter.

Russians Arrest American GIs

Hof, Bavaria, Sept. 27.—Soviet border security guards today arrested four United States soldiers who drove over the zonial border near here in two jeeps, according to the Border Commissar of Hof, as quoted by the German news service, DPD.

The Americans were taken to an unknown destination, the agency added.—Reuter.

Hint That India May Become A Republic

New Delhi, Sept. 27.—It is reliably learned today that India may break with the British Commonwealth and declare herself a republic before the end of the year.

A major section of the ruling Congress Party favour retaining a royal, if not formal, title with the Commonwealth. The Socialists and the Communists want a complete break.

The Indian Premier, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, it is understood, will propose India as a republic "associated" with the Commonwealth, remaining within the Commonwealth bloc and seeking British assistance for her British-trained forces.

Informed sources believe however, that the Assembly will insist on retaining some titles with Britain. Congress leaders, for example, cite Ireland's former position when "discussing" this issue.

United Press.

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WOMANSENSE

LOVERS STILL SIGH AT JULIET'S TOMB

By ALDO FORTE

VERONA, Italy.—Romeo is a forgotten name in the city where the world's greatest love story unfolded. But Juliet is a name that still stands for undying love and eternal romance.

The tomb of the lovely daughter of the Capulet family is a lover's shrine. There is no evidence of the final resting place of Romeo Montague, history's greatest lover.

The home where Juliet was born is still the scene of lovers' pilgrimages. What remains of Romeo's home is a shabby, ill-kept courtyard which houses a stable and blacksmith shop.

Of a population of 200,000, Verona has more than 4,000 Juliefs and just about 100 Romeos.

Romeo Ignored

Juliet, who lived out her pitiful love story at the end of the 13th century, still receives "fan mail" from lovers all over the world. Romeo has hardly received a single note, although he sometimes gets mention in lovers' notes to Juliet.

Juliet's tomb of gray stone, three feet by six, rests on the banks of the Adige River. In the crypt of a small chapel which was erected, with a cloister, in 1910 by the commune of Verona. More than two inches of stone have been hacked off the top of the tomb in past years by souvenir-hunting visitors. Napoleon's wife, Marie Louise of Austria, set about the biggest record for collecting stone chips and had a necklace and earrings made from the pieces of the tomb. She had their set in gold.

With a shrug of his shoulders, Solimani questioned the veracity of Shakespeare's tragedy. He said the story was first written by Luigi da Porto in 1523, then rewritten by other Italians and finally translated

into French by Pierre Boileau in 1560. Shakespeare, he said, picked it up from the French.

Solimani said:

"Shakespeare was incorrect. Romeo was not what Shakespeare made him. I doubt that he committed suicide, as Shakespeare wrote, in this crypt after he found Juliet sleeping because of the secret potion given her by Friar Lawrence to save her from young Paris. I think he was killed in the moonlight duel with Paris when he was found bidding farewell to the sleeping beauty."

Asked why his only son had been baptised Luigl instead of Romeo, Solimani snorted the final derision of the great Romeo.

"Buh, Romeo was a good-for-nothing drunkard and a swordsman. He was always quarrelling. He wasn't the man for my Juliet."

Appeal to Juliet

At the entrance of the crypt is a small marble letter box labelled "Mail for Juliet." Besides the hundreds of notes dropped in by visitors, thousands of letters arrive addressed to "Juliet Capulet, Verona, Italy." The letters are collected by the custodian, Ettore Solimani, and filed away.

Solimani is 62 and has been custodian of the tomb for the last 18 years. He was coaxed into showing some of the letters which arrived recently from the United States. One came from Newark, N. J., another from Washington, D. C. One was from a girl who said she was 27 and "very much in love."

"Dear Juliet, your tragic love has deeply moved the entire world. Please do your best so that my love may likewise move the heart of my boy friend that he may love me too. I love him."

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Midnight Rose



BY PRUNELLA WOOD

THIS enchanting picture dress for evenings is made of organdie . . . black moulded smoothly for a strapless bodice, pale pink swirled lavishly for a dancing skirt. The sash is a black velvet ribbon, which bows behind, and into which a handful of pink organdie roses is tucked in pretty profusion.

RED RYDER



Monkey Business Afoot



By Fred Harman

Short Hairdo Easy to Shampoo



Courtesy Richard Hirsch

Vigorous massage of the scalp is the most important part of a good shampoo.

By HELEN FOLLETT

WITH the short, snug-to-the-head hairdo many busy women who have little time for trot-trotting to beauty shops find that shampooing and ringletting isn't much of a task. If you are a home girl you can go about your domestic business while your tresses are drying. There still seems to be a dearth of operators in pinuprette parlours. Sometimes one can't get an appointment when one wishes.

A good shampoo acts as a scalp treatment. It is about the only time that the glorious crown gets any hygienic attention as the hair brush seems to have gone out of circulation which is a great pity. Brushing is invigorating to the growth. It does a good house-cleaning job, not only removing surface dust but snaking out dead shafts.

The scalp glows under friction; that is why head washing should not be casual or speedy. Use plenty of elbow grease. Take plenty of

time. Make a thorough job of it. If you don't your hair will lack luster which is its chief charm.

If soap is used it should be in liquid form. There should be three applications, each one followed by a rousing rinsing with a bath spray and a strong current of water.

You may prefer a cream or oil shampoo, medium; they are especially good when the hair is excessively dry.

Less than a tablespoonful of cream is necessary. Rinse the hair first.

Friction in the cream, being careful to work along the hair line, front, sides and back where most of the dust collects. Spread out fingers and thumbs, give the scalp a good rubbing.

Keep on adding hot water, keep on with the rubbing. When the frothy substance had thinned, turn on the bath spray. If your locks are golden, finish with a lemon rinse, the juice of three lemon—it should be strained—to a bowlful of water.

BOYS AND GIRLS MAGAZINE

A Walk with Jack Scarecrow

—The Shadows Visit Hiawatha—

By MAX TRELL

"COME around at midnight when the moon is full, and we'll go visiting," Jack Scarecrow said to Knarf and Handi, the shadow-children with the turned-about names. Knarf and Handi promised to come. But they didn't really mean it.

The truth of the matter was that they didn't think Jack Scarecrow would be able to visit anyone. There he was, stuck on to a pole in the middle of the farmer's cornfield. How could he get off the pole and go anywhere? And how could he walk with legs made of straw?

Past Midnight

It must have been a little past midnight when Knarf and Handi, who were fast asleep in the corner of the playroom, heard a tap-tap-tap on the window. They both sprang up.

To their surprise, it was Jack, tapping on the glass with a small pebble. "Come out!" he said. "I'm waiting to go." They both hurried outside.

Jack seemed to have no trouble walking. In fact, he danced along, and now and then (when the wind blew) just floated in the air, over fences and high garden walls, across brooks and ditches. Knarf and Handi had quite a hard job keeping up with him.

"Whom are we going to visit?" Handi finally asked as they crossed the railroad tracks (Jack just leaped across them) and began walking up the main street of the town. No one else was about; for by now it was really late and not a single light was burning in any of the houses.

Jack said: "We're going to visit my friend Hiawatha."

"Hiawatha! That's an Indian name!" Knarf exclaimed in astonishment.

"Of course it is," said Jack. "My friend Hiawatha is certainly an Indian."



"Come out!" Jack Scarecrow called.

"But where does he live? There aren't any more Indians in this town," said Handi.

"My friend Hiawatha lives in front of a cigar store," said Jack. "It's right at the end of this street. Come along. We'll be there in a minute..."

Sure enough, in front of the cigar store at the end of the street, they found Hiawatha. He was standing with feathers in his hair and a tomahawk in his hand.

"He's a wooden Indian!" said Knarf.

Wasn't So Odd

It really wasn't so odd, when you came to think about it, that a Scarecrow should have a Wooden Indian for a friend.

Hiawatha didn't say much. In fact, he didn't say anything. He just grunted. But he was pleased to have visitors just the same.

Before the night was over, Knarf and Handi visited some more of Jack Scarecrow's friends. There were several wooden horses, a wooden swan, a wooden camel, a wooden giraffe and a wooden goat. They were all on a merry-go-round.

And just before the sun came up, they visited a lady pouring water into a fountain. She was made of stone. She was a statue.

Pony Express Was 'Air Mail' Of Its Day

(Continued from Yesterday)

ONE of the 80 riders was different from the others, all veterans of the saddle, skilled fighters and owners of brave hearts. The "different" rider was a girl, Jane Wilson of Missouri. This girl was America's first woman mail carrier. Western history nicknamed her Calamity Jane, who earned her sad nickname because her later life brought her into so many troubled places and adventure.

As the mail system became more popular and letters increased, the rate was lowered to U.S.\$1 a letter. The operating firm also carried mail and heavier parcels over the same route by overland stage-coach.

The route followed the old Mormon trail to Salt Lake City and from that point, it was really a tortuous trip. But the mail men of the pony express tried to live up to the name slogan our postal service has today, "the mail must go through."

Bad roads and bad Indians failed to stop them. But a different kind of a horse finally doomed the galloping mustangs of the pony express. The "Iron Horse" as the Indians termed the railroad engines, marched on the road of progress.

(To be Continued Tomorrow)

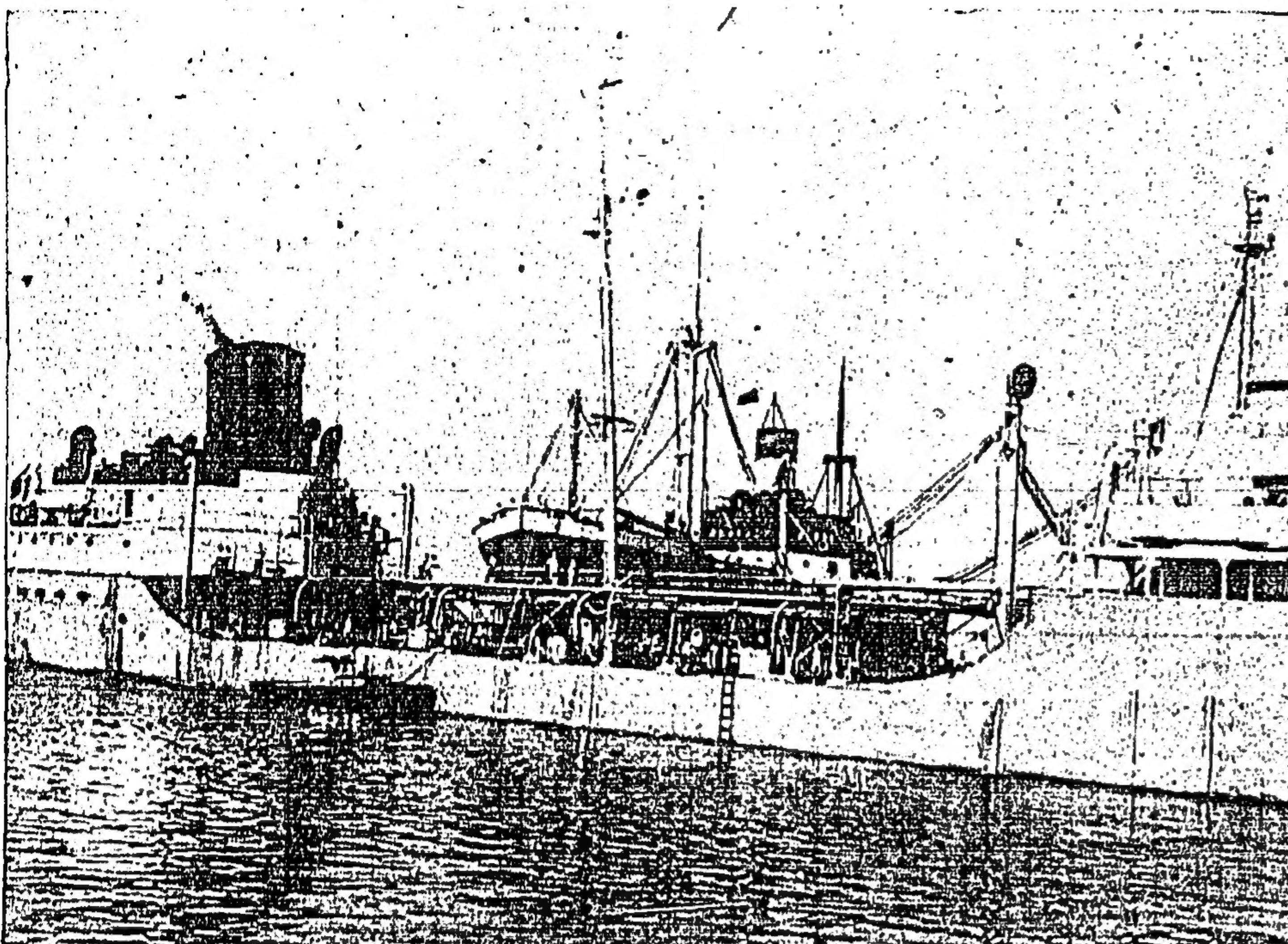
Rupert & Mr. Punch—2



As Rupert had expected the small dog in "Hiawatha" had, "Alay-Pus, 'Hi, sit up,'" he cried. "You don't want to snooze on a lovely day like this." Alay blinks and yawns and sits up very slowly. "Hello, Rupert, you again?" he mutters grumpily. "Why are you always so full of beans? What do you want to do? It's much too hot for two people like me to do anything at all." "You old laybones," laughs Rupert, "Get up this minute or I'll start tickling you!"

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WORLD NEWS IN PICTURES



SHIPS COLLIDE IN THE FOG—The anchored tanker Pennsylvania Sun, foreground, lies locked with the freighter K. I. Luchenbach, centre, which rammed it in the fog hanging over the Delaware River recently. Both ships were badly damaged. Four tugs managed to pull the ships apart after they had been locked together in above position for six hours.



ROPE IN—White cable cord, stitched to latex, makes this unusual swim suit for actress Virginia Mayo. Worn by the right model, the combination is guaranteed to supply all that it takes to rope in wolf whistles.



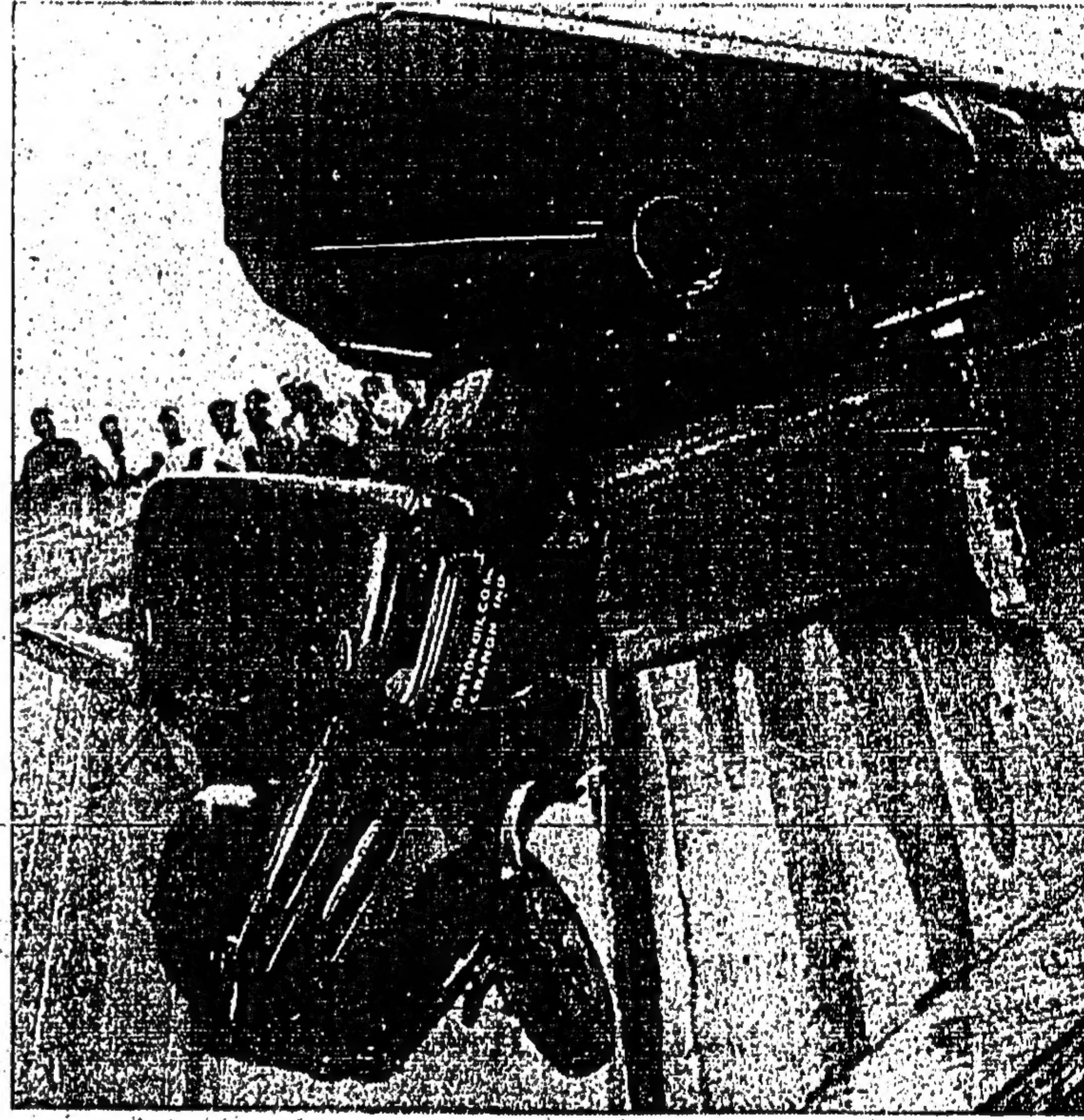
TEAMWORK SAVES BABY—Two-year-old Johnny Van Leeuwen of Chicago stares at the wooden ball which nearly choked him. Johnny swallowed the ball but was saved by the fast teamwork of Mrs Dorothy York, centre, who held the ball to the side of his throat; Mrs Ruth Brown, who applied artificial respiration and a fireman, left, who removed the ball.



COOL!—Cooling off under showers on the roof of New York's Madison Square Boys' Club, these youngsters have little care for the soaring heat wave. But four-year-old Albert Vermette, left, can't quite make up his mind as he is hit with the cold spray from splashing playmates. He finally joined them.



HIGH OVER VATICAN CITY—Swinging from his lofty perch, this workman is able to get an overall view of Vatican City. Right now, he seems more anxious to reach solid ground as he slides down from atop St Peter's Church. The men were preparing torches to be lighted during the Catholic Youth Congress.



MIGHTY SEESAW—Only a little push was needed to send this 4,000-gallon truck plunging into the White River in Indianapolis, Indiana. This teeter-tooter is the result of a three-truck smash-up in the middle of the bridge. Drawn by the noise of the crash, pedestrians, above left, stand and watch the truck before it made a dive into the river.

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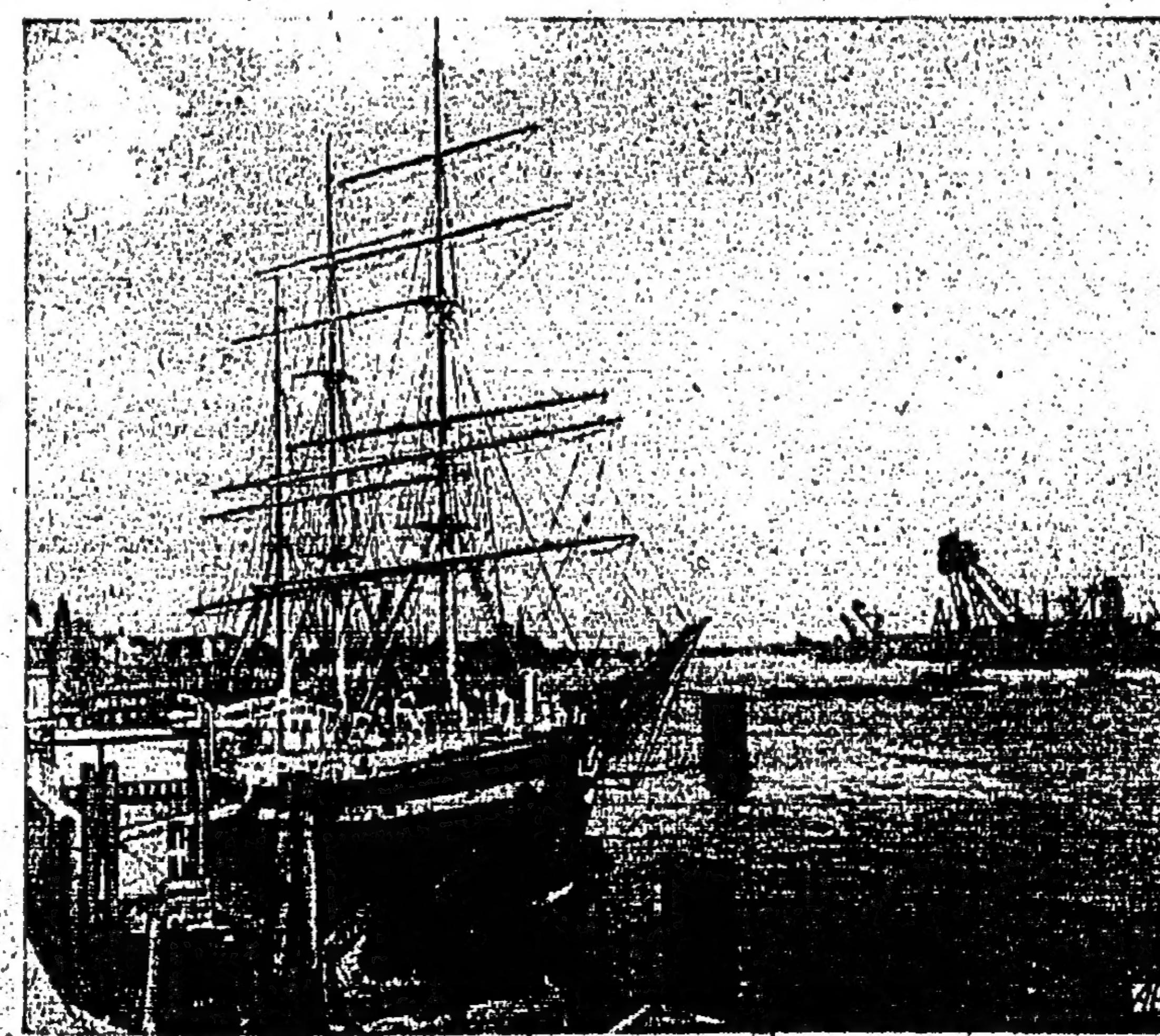
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FLOATING HOTEL—This sailing vessel is one of many craft which have been converted into restaurants and hotels on the Elbe River at Hamburg, Germany, which was badly bombed during the war.



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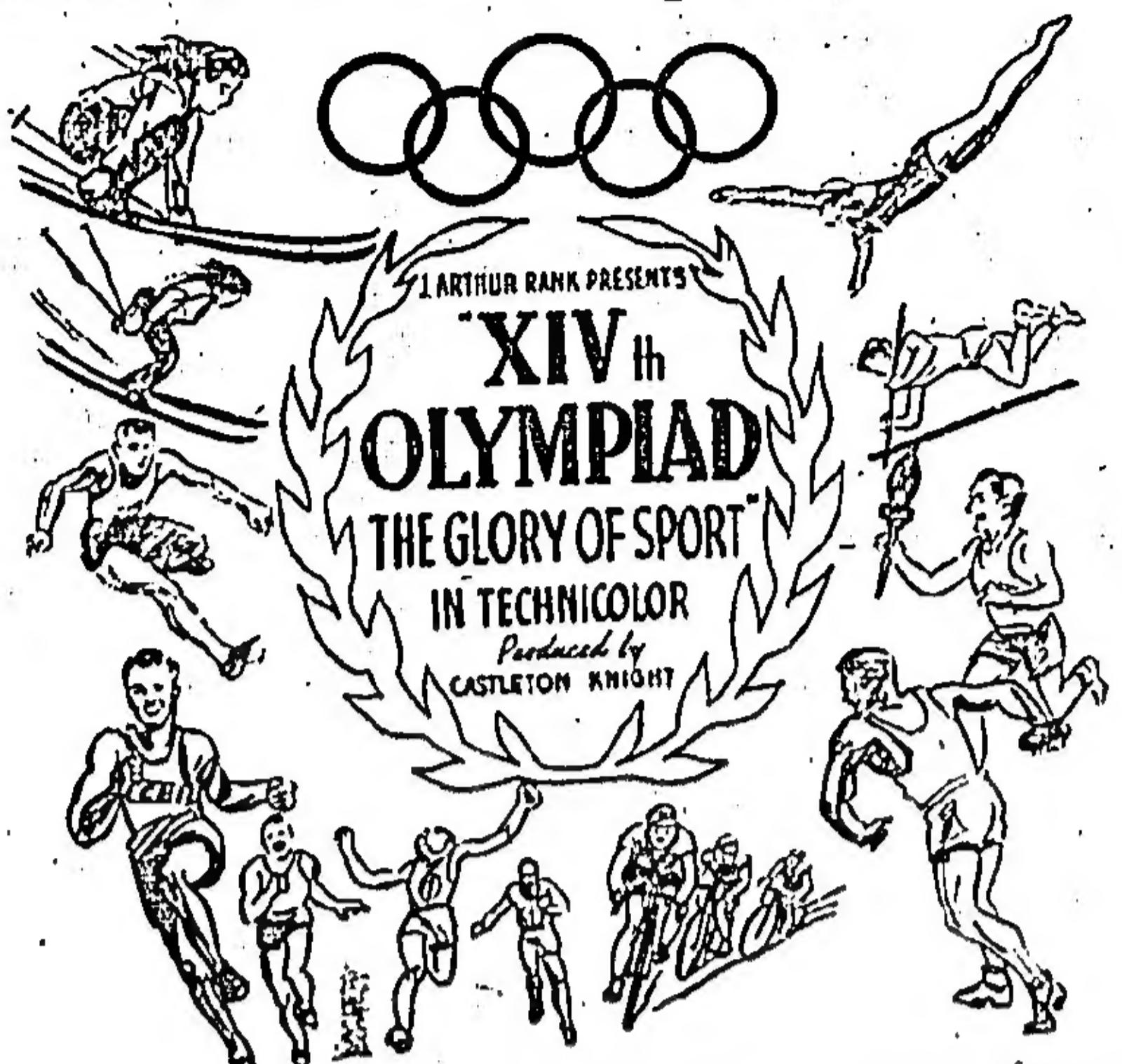
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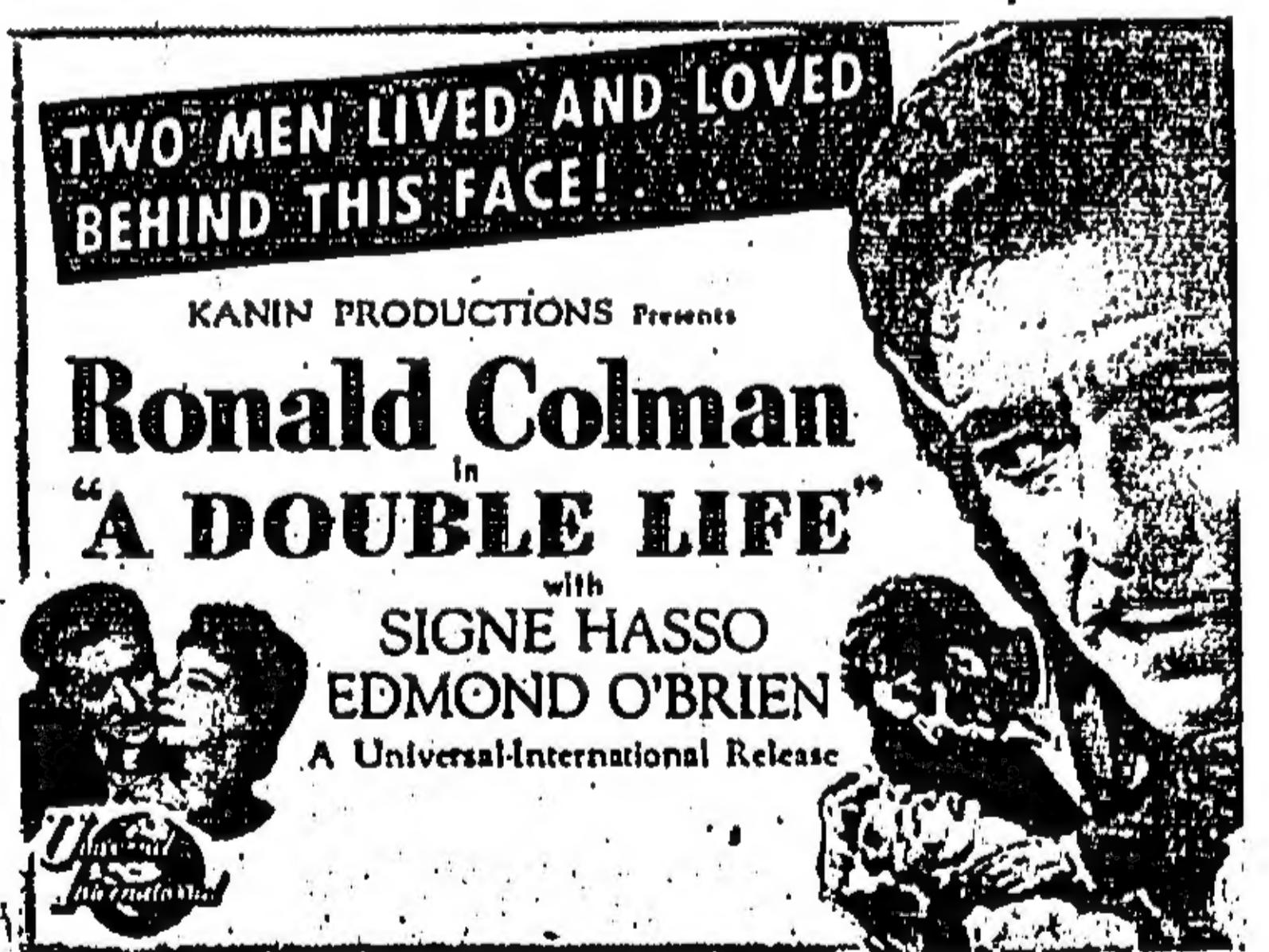
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AIR-CONDITIONED

AT: 2.30, 5.15,
7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

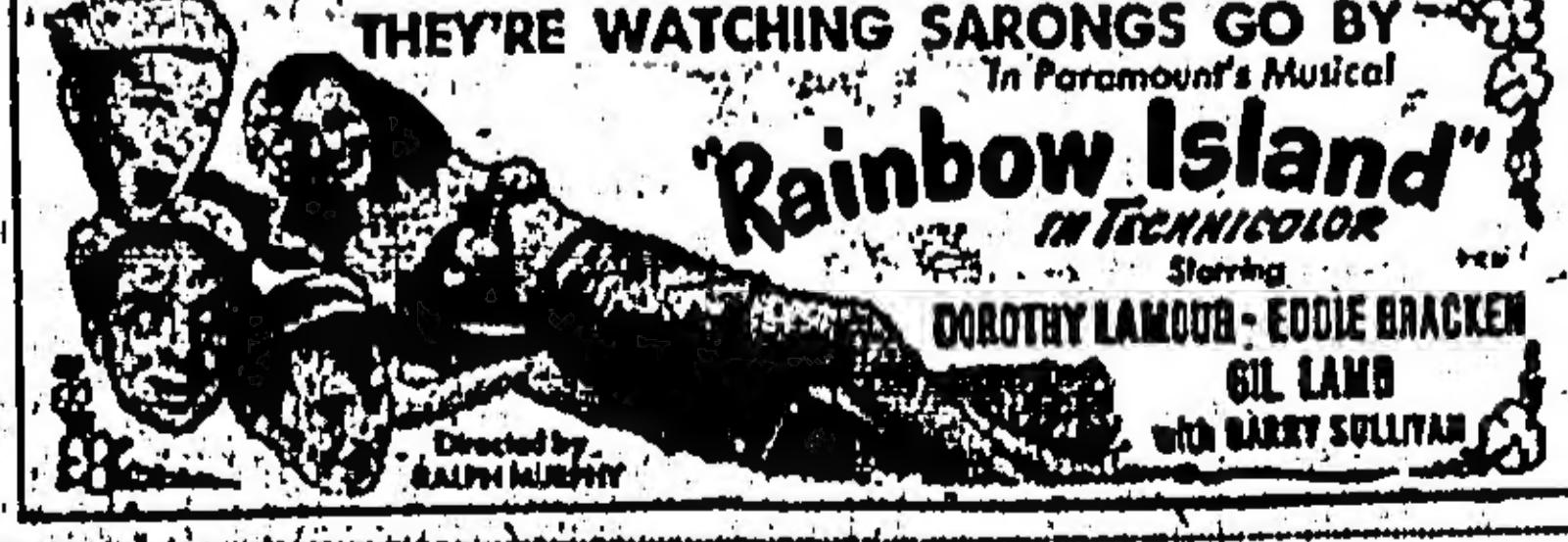
ACADEMY AWARD WINNER
RONALD COLMAN
FOR HIS STERLING PERFORMANCE IN
"A DOUBLE LIFE"



TO-DAY **Cathay** AT: 2.30, 5.30,
ONLY 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

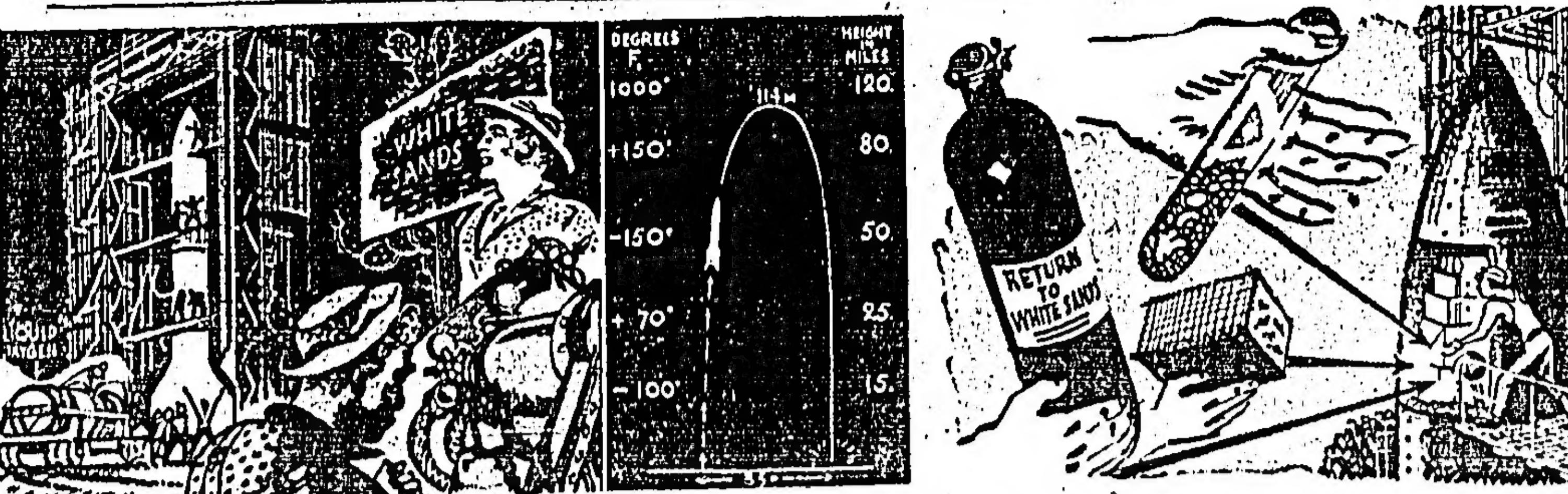
Wanchai Road, Wanchai.

Par's. Tropical Paradise of Laughter, Love, Songs & Sarong!



TO-MORROW THE WEST'S FABULOUS TALE
The world's most fascinating woman, Yvonne De Carlo in
"SALOME WHERE SHE DANCED" IN TECHNICOLOR WITH ROD CARMERON

... FOUR YEARS AGO CAME THAT
FIRST PUZZLING BANG. SINCE THEN
THE LEFT-OVER V2s HAVE BEEN PUT
TO USES QUITE REMOVED FROM WAR



Did you ever wonder what happened to those V2s Hitler hadn't time to fire? In the New Mexico Desert American engineers have reconstructed what was once the most secret defence area in all Germany—Hitler's V-weapon station

at Peenemunde, on the Baltic. Peenemunde. They are launching the same missiles. Working there are German scientists who ushered in the rocket age by scoring their first V2 hit on London exactly four years ago this week. They are handling the same equipment they used in the atmosphere 100 miles up which

could not be obtained any other way.

U.S. combat troops captured 100 V2s—all complete—when they reached Goering's underground factory at Nordhausen.

Agreed that Americans are no brainer and no more skilful than Britons. Agreed that Britons make great discoveries like penicillin and radar.

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By Ernie Bushmiller

Don't behave
like old men!

says SIR HENRY TIZARD *



THE AUTHOR

WE live indeed in difficult times, but they are very interesting times; and difficulties are bracing to a nation which has not lost the resilience of youth.

We must not get into the way of thinking of our great country as an elderly man who is told by his doctor that if he is very careful of his diet, and avoids all exertion and worry, he may look forward to some years of plaid life before he dies.

This is a time for adventure, for taking risks—calculated risks, of course—but not so nicely or so lengthily calculated that they are taken too late.

My contacts with universities and industry are enough to convince me that the spirit of adventure in science is as lively as ever it was. It is that spirit which will largely determine the future....

POPULATION

MEANWHILE the population of the world is increasing by one percent a year.

Its distribution is such as to make it extremely doubtful whether the supply of food can keep pace even with the present low standard of

It is the advance of science that has made this possible. War, pestilence, and famine have kept the population within bounds since the dawn of history. War has ceased to be effective; pestilence is rapidly losing its power; only famine is left as a brake until education takes its place.

Is famine inevitable, or will science again come to the rescue, as it has done before? I do not think that the danger of the present position is yet fully realised....

We must not encourage the easy thought that some entirely new development in science will solve it quickly.... All that can be said about new developments at present is that they are very unlikely to lead to a new and substantial source of food within the next 30 years.

So far as Britain is concerned we must plan our economy on the assumption that food will be both scarce and dear for many years to come.

SUBSIDIES

ITS scarcity is obvious to us; its dearness is concealed by a policy of subsidies. I do not criticise the policy. I refer to it only because it tends to hide a state of affairs that should be realised by every thinking man.

World food supply will only keep up with demand if the productivity of land is increased and more land brought into cultivation....

There is a consensus of opinion among experts I have consulted that the production of food in the United Kingdom could be raised by 20 percent within five years.

It could be done by a combination of measures such as the improvement of grasslands, the con-

tinuation of grass for winter feeding, the control of pests and weeds, the extended use of fertilisers, and the development of large tracts of marginal land such as exist in the Highlands of Scotland.

COLONIES

I FIND these views convincing, but even if all this were to come to pass, we shall still need to import food for 20 to 25 million people unless there is to be a large outward movement of population.

We must not lose sight of the fact that at least 20,000,000 people are added to the population of the world every year, and that it is conceivable that in another 70 years, or even less, the world population will have doubled.

Whatever other countries may do, it is our bounden duty, and the only certain way of safeguarding our future so long as we remain a large food-importing country, to develop our colonial territories.

And particularly the under-populated African colonies, where the increase in population that would follow the control of disease and the increase of food supply would open fresh markets for international trade.

ITS great task will call for the intensive application of science, in collaboration with other countries....

Public men in England now display a touching but alarming faith in the power of science to solve any national problem, however serious.

The time is near when science may be crushed with the weight of rewards, bestowed on her. Let us then beware, when all men speak well of us, and be critical of ourselves.

WARNING

These excerpts are from the inaugral speech by Sir Henry Tizard at the British Association at Brighton on September 8.

Let us ask whether we are claiming too much in some directions and doing too little in others. Let us consider, in fact, whether the great forces of science, on the proper exercise of which all social progress depends, are in balance.

The world is passing from one state of unstable equilibrium to another. I say unstable, for many, many years will pass before the dreams of those who look forward to a world government which will bring not only peace but happiness to all will come true.

But if it must be in an unstable equilibrium for many years to come, let us at least strive to balance it so that the chance of a major catastrophe is made as small as possible. Science has much to contribute to this aim.

There is a vast amount of knowledge waiting to be used. But no new discovery, in any field, is likely to have so quick and beneficial an effect on British industry as the application of what is already known.

We hear, for example, of the possibility of the production of power from atomic sources of energy.

COAL

I DO not think that anyone will be rash enough to prophesy what discoveries of real industrial importance will result from the researches now in progress.

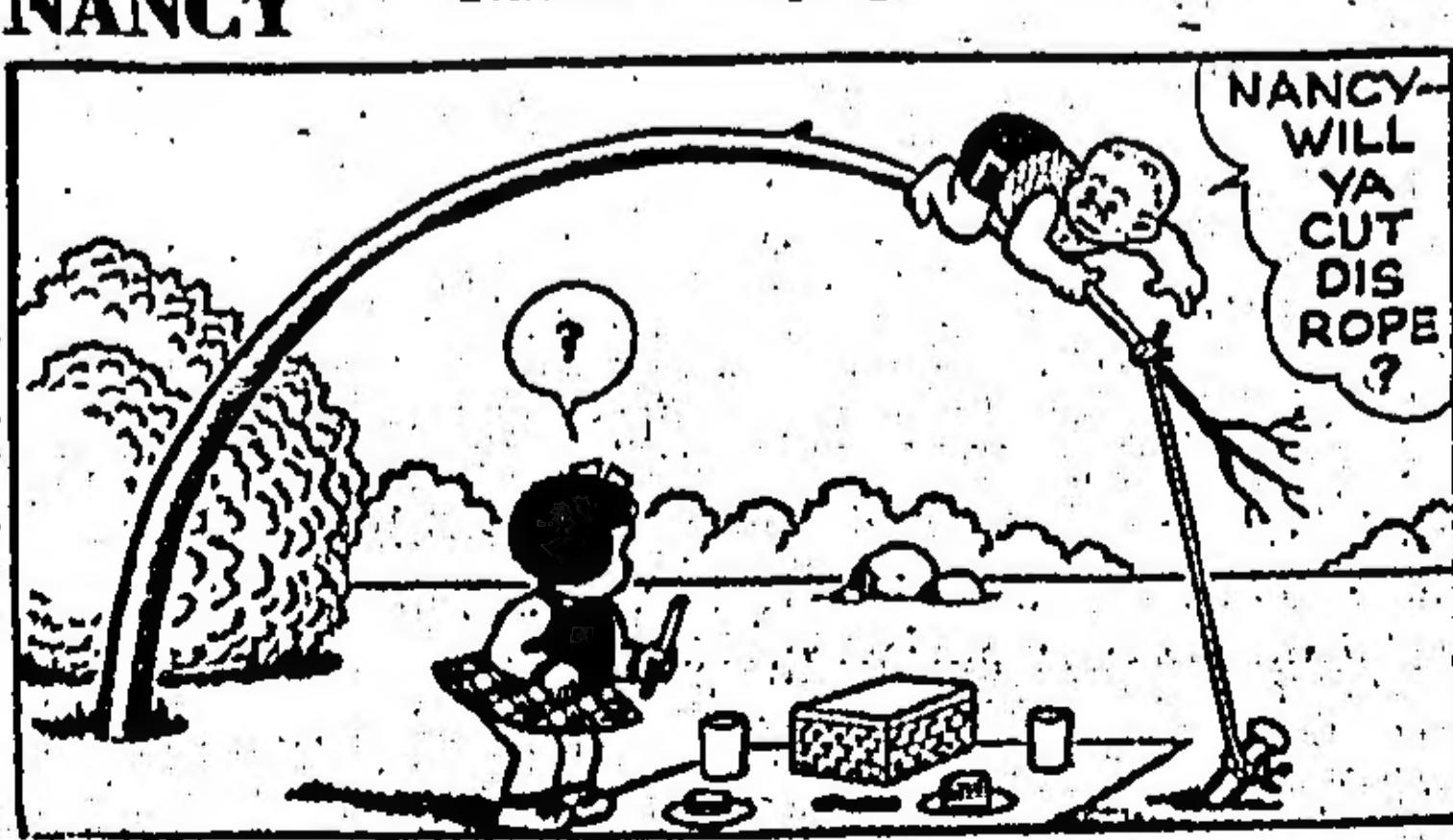
But I shall certainly assert that the production of power from uranium cannot bring such economic benefits to this country within twenty years as would the practical application of known methods of economical coal.

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By Ernie Bushmiller

NANCY

Nature's Helping Hand



American column

The plan
is—have
no plan

From NEWELL ROGERS

New York. Sir Henry Tizard, the British Government's chief scientific adviser, the Wall Street Journal offers a solution for his great production puzzle.

Sir Henry asked why 12 percent of America's population produce proportionally a far greater volume of goods than 10 percent of Britain's population.

Agreed that Americans are no brainer and no more skilful than Britons. Agreed that Britons make great discoveries like penicillin and radar.

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Then the research will be carried on with another rocket—the Neptune, a super V2, designed to reach a height of 235 miles at a speed of more than 5,000 miles an hour.

British scientists are to watch the first launching of this rocket very shortly now (Picture No. 4). They will find life at White Sands a queer contrast of excitement and anxiety.

Excitement as they watch the great rocket rise like a genie and burst out of sight, carrying the scientists' precious equipment.

Then anxiety as they ride out into the desert in trucks to find the wreckage, wondering whether their instruments have survived the crash.

Chapman Pincher



Soviet Opposition To Bernadotte Plan Anticipated

London, Sept. 27.—Whitehall quarters said today that they anticipate stiff Soviet opposition to the Bernadotte plan.

Russia is believed to oppose any enlargement of Trans-Jordan which she considers a British puppet, as well as the internationalisation of Haifa and Lydda which the Russians fear would play into the hands of "Anglo-American imperialism."

British Middle Eastern experts further anticipate that Russia might support an Arab Palestine Government which is backed by the Mufti, since it would be more independent from the "imperialistic powers" than King Abdullah.

The first principle of the Russian Palestine policy in the view of the experts, would, however, be to stick to the frontiers of Israel as laid down by the United Nations. It is taken for granted in London that Russia will try to influence the internal development in the Jewish state by posing as the only big power resolutely defending the territorial integrity of Israel.

Moscow and Cominform plans regarding Soviet strategy in Israel's international affairs, experts said, have not yet crystallised, but the principal objective seems to be to build up a strong national democratic front on the Balkan pattern as long as there is hope of bringing such front into being by splitting the big Palestinian labour movement. These experts added that Russia is not likely to make a common cause with terrorist groups.

Only if the "democratic front" plan failed would Russia turn to the terrorists, said these experts, and build up in Palestine a national liberation front on a South East Asia pattern.—United Press.

Saving The French Franc

Paris, Sept. 27.—The United States has decided to "unblock" a sum of "not more than" 45,000 million francs in Marshall counterpart funds to France for September and thus save the Bank of France from issuing inflationary paper money. Mr David Bruce, head of the Economic Co-operation Administration's Special Mission to France, announced in Paris tonight.

He told journalists that the release of a further 45,000 million francs was contemplated during October.

Mr Bruce said the money, which would have become almost useless in the event of French inflation, would be used in a long-term programme of investment, re-equipment and increasing production. It could not be used on governments subsidies, wage adjustments or any of the ordinary current expenditures of government.

Mr Bruce said the release had only been made because the financial plan of the French Premier, M. Henri Queuille, ensured that inflationary measures would not be necessary in France.

COURAGEOUS PLAN

He said that this plan went further than that of the former Finance Minister, M. Paul Reynaud, and was the "most courageous and most daring financial plan that the French Government has ever in its history instituted."

Mr Bruce said the French and United States Governments would review the French financial and economic situation before November 16 with a view to disposing the balance of the French credits.

He said that at this conference, the United States would want to know where the taxes were coming in as expected and whether expenditure was being reduced.

Mr Bruce denied a New York press report that the unblocking was an emergency political move to prevent the French Government falling and General de Gaulle seizing power.

He said the Economic Co-operation Administration would not interfere with the political affairs of government receiving Marshall aid.

One condition of the present release was that France should not have recourse to inflationary finance, the money being intended for financial and fiscal stability only.—Reuters.

NEW UPRISEINGS IN JAVA

Batavia, Sept. 27.—New Communist uprisings were reported today in scattered areas of Central and Eastern Java.

One of the latest outbreaks was reported at Wonosari, less than 40 miles Southeast of Jogjakarta, capital of the Indonesian Republic. Another was at Parakan, about 60 miles Northeast of the capital.

A Republican spokesman said the government is confident its army will put down the uprisings. He said the army's offensive against Communist troops in Central Java is progressing and that some Red units are splitting away to join government forces.—Associated Press.

Missionaries Trapped

Beiping, Sept. 28.—Five more American missionaries, making a total of eight, were reported to be trapped in Tsinan, according to the Presbyterians mission here to-day.

They are Dr. Mrs. Howell P. Lair, Rev. L. J. Davis, Miss Helen McLain and Miss Florence Evans. All are Presbyterians except Miss Evans, who is a Baptist.

The Mission here has not had the home addresses of either of the two British missionaries who have not been heard from since Tsinan was captured by the Communists on Friday. They are Rev. Fred F. Frake, English Baptist, and Dr. J. L. Smyly, Anglican missionary.

The missionaries were connected with Chelio University and the hospital, which are in Tsinan's southern suburb.

Yesterday, it was learned that three New Yorkers were caught in Tsinan—Rev. and Mrs. John Hammill of Auburn, N. Y., and Rev. Richard Bryant of Lockport, N. Y.—United Press.

Given Maximum Sentence

Maximum sentence of two years and banishment was passed on Ip Cheung, aged 22, by Mr. Wicks of Kowloon this morning. He faced six charges of keeping a heroin and opium divan, possession of heroin and opium pipes and possession of 1,500 heroin pills.

Sub-Asp. Evans stated that it was the biggest combined divan the police had found for some time. It was raided by Mr. E. C. Luscombe, Divisional Superintendent (Young) and party on September 10 and five opium pipes, 14 heroin pipes, 1,500 heroin pills, 18 lamps and a quantity of furniture (including an electric fan) were seized.

The whole of the second floor of 551 Shanghai Street was used as a divan. There were 20 smokers who were dealt with last week.

Mr. Wicks confiscated all the equipment seized and ordered a notice to be served on the landlord.

JEWISH FORCES LAUNCH ATTACKS

Amman, Sept. 27.—Trans-Jordan authorities charged today that Jewish forces attacked Arab positions last night in Jerusalem and at the Jordan River bridge near Beisan.

In both attacks, they said, Jewish forces who employed mortars and mines were beaten back. The authorities said that "many" Jews were killed in the abortive foray into the Arab-held Old City area of Jerusalem.—United Press.

Plea That Pirates Stole His Life Saving Apparatus Fails

The master of a motor junk pleaded that pirates in Chinese territory had taken his fire extinguishers and life saving apparatus, when he was charged before Mr. Cairns at the Marine Court this morning for having insufficient equipment on his vessel.

He should have had three fire extinguishers but had only two; seven lifebuoys but had only six; and 20 canvas life jackets but had none. He had 15 wooden logs for lifebuoys, but these are not accepted under the regulations. He pleaded that after he left the Colony for Tungkoon, pirates had robbed him of the equipment. On his return he had tried to buy new ones but had been unable to do so and had therefore obtained the logs as temporary ones. He had reported the theft to the Chinese Police but had not had time to report to the Hongkong Police as he was stopped immediately on his arrival here. The alleged incident happened three days ago, he stated.

Mr. Cairns said he was unable to accept the story and imposed a fine of \$200 or two months.

Also fined \$200 or two months was the master of another motor trading

President Truman's Campaign Tour



ORIENTAL UNION OF STATES

China's Tentative Proposal

Washington, Sept. 27.—Official United States sources today said China was taking the initiative in tentatively testing the reaction of other Oriental nations to the idea of an Oriental union of states similar to the Western European Union and the Pan-American Union.

The sources said indications of this were found in the Chinese Foreign Minister's visit to Pandit Nehru and also in the position the Chinese Minister took in the General Assembly recently.

At the General Assembly meeting, the Chinese delegate pointed out what he regarded as lack of adequate representation of Oriental nations on the Economic Council. He said that although there were obstacles to the formation of such an Oriental Union, China would continue efforts along that line.

An American well-versed in Far Eastern affairs said that among preliminary obstacles were, on one hand, the fact that native independent Governments had been anti-Chinese due to resentment stemming from Chinese control of economic matters in most Oriental countries and, on the other hand, some of these former European colonies had fallen under Communist leadership.

WEIGHTY FACTOR

He added that the Chinese Foreign Office had been trying to reconcile differences, but sporadic trouble such as the recent anti-Chinese demonstrations in Siam flared up from time to time.

These Government sources said that many Far Eastern, former European colonies, which had gained independence, would like to receive United States aid. In addition, there was strong rivalry between India and China, with both striving to occupy Japan's pre-war position as an industrial leader in the Orient. The sources said even smaller nations, such as the Philippines, had the same idea.

However, they added, most of these Far Eastern nations were harassed by internal disturbances and they still were not rehabilitated. In addition, the sources said, Far East nations at present had their own ambitions, which they would not subordinate to any plan for collective defence and economic

HELD IN READINESS

The sources said the Chinese at present doubted that this was an opportune time to suggest a plan for union, but that it would be held in readiness for announcement at a propitious moment. They said that the idea of an Oriental union might be said to have two remote ancestors: Dr Sun Yat-sen's

LENIENTY PLEA

The master of another motor junk, charged with a similar offence, pleaded that he had only just chartered the vessel and did not know the regulations as he was unable to read English. He pleaded for leniency, remarking that this was his first offence and promised to see that the regulations were adhered to in future. He had only had the boat for two days. He should have had three fire extinguishers but had only two; 17 lifebuoys but had 10; and 10 cubic feet of sand but had none.

Mr. Cairns pointed out that he should have made himself acquainted with the requirements of his licence. It was very important, he added, that the equipment should be in order. If anything had happened to the craft it might have meant the lives of everyone on board. He imposed a fine of \$100 or one month.

WAS TOO POOR

The mistress of a small sampan pleaded that she was too poor to obtain a licence for her boat, when charged with failing to take out a licence. Regarding the second charge of lying Inshore alongside the Waterloo Road Wharf without a permit, she pleaded that she had no anchor and so was unable to go to the Typhoon Anchorage. She was fined \$10 on the first charge and cautioned on the second.

Defendant then said that if she paid the fine that she would be unable to pay for a licence. Mr. Cairns issued instructions that defendant be taken to the Licensing Officer to see what arrangements could be made.

The acting master of another sampan was sentenced for a similar offence. He explained that his anchor rope had broken during the last typhoon and he had lost the anchor. He had therefore been compelled to moor alongside the Waterloo Road Pier during the gale on September 20.

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BASEBALL

THE MOST THRILLING PENNANT RACE OF ALL TIME

New York, Sept. 27.—On the basis of cold figures, past performances and just plain logic, Cleveland Indians are the best bet to nose out Boston Red Sox and New York Yankees in the most thrilling Major League pennant race of all time.

Cleveland is in front by a full game, but should the Tribe fail to make it an "All-Indian" World Series against Braves, Red Sox probably would be the American League representatives, making it an all-Boston classic.

The odds are stacked heavily against the defending World Champion Yankees. They are battered and weary and have their toughest schedule in the final showdown week.

As each contender relaxed on Monday's well-earned open date in the Major League schedule, here was the situation:

Cleveland—All of its games are at home against second division teams. Indians play on Tuesday night and Wednesday against last place Chicago. White Sox whom they have beaten 14 times, losing only six games to them.

The layoff was created when Clark Griffith, owner of the Senators, turned Griffith stadium over to Washington Redskins for professional football at a time when Athletics would have been scheduled to play Senators there.

The teams doubled up earlier in the schedule, giving them plenty of time to rest up for Red Sox and Yankees.—United Press.

SETBACK

New York, Sept. 27.—Yankees' pennant hopes received a setback today when X-Rays revealed that catcher Gus Niarhos broke his right hand in Sunday's game and will be out of action for the remainder of the season.

The Yankees immediately told Charles Silvera, who is with Portland, Oregon, this season to fly to Philadelphia in time for Tuesday's game.—United Press.

UNPRECEDENTED

Boston, Sept. 27.—Braves unprecedentedly announced today that unreserved bleacher seats for the first two series of games would be placed on sale tomorrow. Never have such seats been sold in advance of the day of the game.—United Press.

LAWN BOWLS

"Geordies" To Play Kowloon Docks

A friendly game of bowls has been arranged between the Northumberland & Durham Association and the Kowloon Dock Recreation Club to take place on the green of the latter Club at 3.30 p.m. on Sunday, October 3. The team to represent the Northumberland & Durham Association is:

W. Cowie, D. Monument, A. Spors, and J. V. Ramsay (skip). S. Granville, J. Burns, T. Waller, and J. Hempsell (skip). A. E. Elliott, R. H. Collings, R. Bailey, and W. Greig (skip). E. Cato, J. Blicker, A. Dand, and J. Fraser (skip). Sgt. Greig (RAF), J. Stoker, G. Sewell, and J. Tindall (skip). Tea will be provided and non-playing members of the Northumberland & Durham Association and their ladies are invited.

IRC TEAM

The following players have been selected to represent the Club in the postponed league match against the Hongkong Football Club on Saturday, October 2, 1948, at 4 p.m. to be played at home.

M. B. Hassan, M. Y. Adal, K. M. Rumjahn and A. K. Minu (skip). S. Yusuf, A. R. Kitchell, A. M. Wahab and J. Hoosen (skip). M. I. Razack, A. J. Hussain, U. A. Rumjahn and A. R. Minu (skip).

HKCC TEAM

The following will represent the HKCC in a friendly game against the Kowloon Bowling Green Club at Austin Road on Saturday October 2, at 4 p.m.

L. E. Lamerton, E. J. R. Mitchell, H. F. Shields and E. W. C. Simmonds (skip).

MIDGET RACING CAR TURNS OVER



Chet Morris, Milwaukee, Wis., driver, is trapped in his midget racing car as it rolls over after a collision with Landy Scott of Milwaukee (left) during a race at Slinger, Wis.

Scott's car turned over seconds later, but he escaped injury. Morris suffered brain concussion and several fractured ribs. —AP Wirephoto.

SEMI-FINALISTS IN NATIONAL AMATEUR



BRITISH GOLF STANDARD AT POST-WAR BEST

By ARCHIE QUICK

With the British professional golf season in its closing month, interest now centres on players' efforts to maintain or improve their tournament averages.

The ambition of every professional in September is to win the Harry Vardon Trophy for the summer's most successful player, to qualify for and then win the £2,500 News of the World match play tournament and then finally to be invited and succeed in the Masters' Tournament with which the curtain falls.

Australian Norman von Nida holds the Harry Vardon Trophy and is striving to retain it and so set up a record.

The Match Play title has again been won by ex-Open Champion Fred Daly.

The Masters' Tournament is contested for by major tournament winners who are automatic entrants and a select few invited by the Professional Golfers' Association. It is an honour which every professional covets.

When these are all over, several professionals, like so many migratory birds, will winter in sunny climes.

Henry Cotton is already in Brazil and plans to go on to Brazil and the Argentine. Norman von Nida too is South American-bound and with him goes tiny Charlie Ward of little Aston, Birmingham, who at the time of writing heads the sonson's averages.

Don Reid is itching for another overseas trial while Jack Knight and one or two others have not yet chosen to retire to Henry Cotton's Monte Carlo fastness.

Commander Roe, Secretary of the Professional Golfers' Association, is really well pleased with the season.

MORE PUBLIC INTEREST

There has been greater public enthusiasm for the game as indicated by increased attendance at tournaments, and the standard of play has been higher than at any time since the war.

This is reflected in the new names that keep creeping into the prize money. The brightest young star is ex-Major Commando Kenneth Bousfield, who is Dick Burton's assistant at Coombe Hill. He is always near the top of the big event's these days.

I recently saw him return 72 at Finchley with its narrow tree-lined fairways, uneven, unsown greens and in a high wind, while established players were taking nearly 80.

The same day there was Reg Knight, who is one of Cotton's assistants at Royal Mid-Surrey, but who becomes a full professional at Felixstowe at Christmas.

WHISTLING TEAM

The following will represent the HKCC in a friendly game against the Kowloon Bowling Green Club at Austin Road on Saturday October 2, at 4 p.m.

L. E. Lamerton, E. J. R. Mitchell, H. F. Shields and E. W. C. Simmonds (skip).

WOMEN'S GOLF

Hayling Island, Hampshire, Sept. 27.—Miss Molly Walls, holder of the title, was beaten in her first match when the 1948 English Women's Golf Championship began here today.

Lady Katharine Cairns, an experienced Somerset County player and international, won by 3 and 1.

This was the second round of the game, both players having drawn byes from the first round.

The championship ends with a 36-holes final on Thursday.—Reuter.

CZECHS WIN

HANDBALL

Rome, Sept. 27.—The Czechoslovak team has won the first European handball championship by going through with an unbeaten record to collect 10 points.

France followed with 8, Italy 0, Portugal 4, Belgium 2, and Holland 1.—Reuter.

GLASGOW CUP

Glasgow, Sept. 28.—Glasgow Celtic won the Glasgow Cup on Monday with a 3-1 win over Third Lanark.

HE WAS THE ONLY MAN EVER TO CLEAR 7 FEET IN THE HIGH JUMP. THEY CALLED HIM

The Kangaroo Kid

In Portland, Oregon, in an indoor exhibition meet in March, 1941, a lad named Lester Steers leaped a height of 7 feet 0 1/2 inches. The performance was never presented for recognition as a record but is still considered authentic enough.

Steers, known in his competitive days, 1938-1941, as the Kangaroo Kid, was one of the most remarkable high-jumpers ever produced. Arthur Daley of the New York Times described him as "something of an architectural paradox."

Most high jumpers are long and lean with legs which split them up to their breastbone, or so it seems. But Steers looked like a shot-putter. He was slightly more than six feet in height and just under 200 lbs. in weight.

Steers broke the world record four times in 1941, his final year of competition, with successive leaps of 6 feet, 10-23/32 inches; 8 feet, 10-7/8; 9 feet, 11; 9 feet, 10-7/8 inches.

Oddly enough, though, he couldn't even win the American National A.A.U. crown that campaign. But he had only himself to blame for it.

He was locked in a stirring duel that season with Bill Stewart, a teammate on the Olympic Club of San Francisco.

All during the competition he kept encouraging Stewart, giving him tips and correcting his style. Eventually they tied at 9 feet, 0-3/4 inches, to equal the then accepted world mark, with Stewart being accorded the title on the basis of fewer misses.

It is quite possible that Leaping Les never would have become such a consummate artist at his specialty if it hadn't been for the fact that his family moved to Palo Alto when he was an 11-year-old boy.

THE BACK YARD

That brought him right into the back yard of Stanford University where Dink Templeton was coaching. Since the fiery, enthusiastic Templeton had been an Olympic high jumper himself, he began teaching all the tricks of the trade to the goggle-eyed youngster who haunted the Stanford practice grounds.

Before Steers was out of grammar school he could jump 9 feet 2, a rather astonishing height for a lad of such tender years.

And for each season at Palo Alto High School, Les moved up precisely one inch, so that he was doing 6-8 before he advanced to San Mateo Junior College.

Twice he won National AAU championships for the Olympic Club and then went on to the University of Oregon under Coach Bill Hayward before the war brought him up short.

RECORD BREAKING

It was in 1941 that the Kangaroo Kid embarked on his record-breaking adventures, but it was the year before that he discovered the fantastic spring in his muscular legs.

Cornelius Warmerdam, his Olympic Club teammate, had invited him to give a high jumping exhibition at Tuolumne, Cal., where the pole vaulting wizard was teaching school.

The ever obliging Steers wasn't a bit bothered by it. The pit was a hastily dug excavation and the lawn served as a runway.

Besides, the standards were set so short that it would be impossible for him to jump higher than 6 feet 3, more child's play for him. But the temperature was a sizzling 105 degrees and Les broke one of his self-imposed rules.

SODA POP

He gulped down a bottle of soda pop. Soon he cleared the maximum height and took another bottle of soda pop.

Much to his alarm, he observed the delighted officials sticking boxes under each upright to raise the height even more.

He cleared that and, in his relief, indulged in another bottle of soda pop. So they put more boxes underneath. Les went up and over. And had another soft drink. So they put boxes under the boxes.

Steers was practically afloat by this time and desperately he made one final lunge.

Up and over he went in his "belly roll" and the popular officials measured the standards.

The mark read 7 feet, 4 inches at the uprights but 9 feet, 10-1/2 inches at the swinging bar—still higher than the accepted world record.

That started him to thinking. If he could do that much in a mere exhibition start while loaded to the hilt with soda pop, he certainly should be able to do as well—or better—under the ideal conditions afforded by a champion ship engagement.

So he proved he could do it on June 17, 1941, with his 9 feet 11 inch jump going down on the books of the International Amateur Athletic Federation as the accepted record.—From the New York Times.

INTER-COUNTY

Warwick, 6; Glamorgan, 12

RUGBY UNION

Penzance & N. 0; Bath, 11

Pontypool & 0; Abertillery, 0

RUGBY LEAGUE

Huddersfield, 2; Bradford, 1

YORKSHIRE CUP

Featherstone, 0; Wakefield, 11

Leeds, 11

FOR YOUR SPARE MOMENTS

SIDE GLANCES

By Galbraith



"I'm afraid I'm not going to get very far in the business world before vacation's over!"

McKENNEY ON BRIDGE

Squeeze Play Wins Six No Trump Bid

BY WILLIAM E. MCKENNEY

FIVE weeks in a hospital keep a fellow somewhat tied down. However, bridge players were very good about bringing me material, and my former staff of the American Contract Bridge League came along with a week's supply of hands.

This is the second one, and it is from Mrs. K. F. S. Harris, who is known to players throughout the country because she keeps their master point records. She knows whether you have one point to your credit, or 1250.

Most of the players who held the South cards in today's hand arrived at a contract of six clubs, but Mrs. Harris (North) did not give her partner a chance to do so. When she bid four no trump, and her



Check Your Knowledge

1. What country produces, not only the most, but the finest linen in the world?

2. What is a bronco?

3. Where and what is the Matterhorn?

4. What is Britannia-metal?

5. Name the longest ship canal in the world.

6. Who were the "forty-niners?"

(Answers on Page 4)

CHESS PROBLEM

By H. JOHNER

Black, 9 pieces.



White, 10 pieces.

White to play and mate in two.

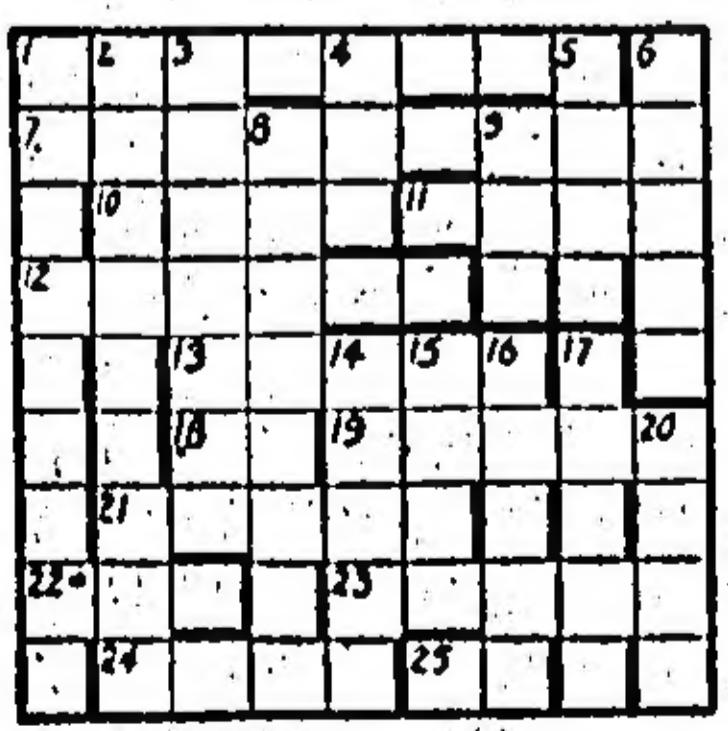
Solution to yesterday's problem:

1. B-R8. 1. . P-K6; 2.

B-K7; 1. . P-K3; 4. 2.

Q-K7; 1. . P-K7; 2 QXR.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE



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MORE PLANES NEEDED FOR AIR LIFT

Another 100 Would Guarantee Supplies For Berlin

Wiesbaden, Sept. 27.—The American Air Forces in Europe are 100 planes short of what they need to meet their goal in the Berlin air lift, Lieutenant General Curtis Lemay said today.

General Lemay outlined his requirements at a farewell press conference here. He will leave the job as Commander of the American Air Arm in Europe and take over as boss of the Strategic Air Forces soon.

Handicaps Confront ECOSOC

Distrust Among The Great Powers

Paris, Sept. 27.—Dr Charles Malik of Lebanon, President of the Economic and Social Council, speaking in English at the afternoon session of the General Assembly today, reviewed the history of the ECOSOC and pointed out that its basic actuality is the prevailing distrust between the great powers.

He urged authority be given the ECOSOC for expansion of activity in the cultural field.

Referring to the regional commissions, he said that the Economic Commission for Latin America is moving cautiously and experimentally into the sphere of agricultural prices, credit, capital investment, manpower, immigration and is working out a comprehensive economic survey of the entire region.

Referring to the Bill of Human Rights, he stressed that unless this issue is rightly settled, there is no meaning to any other settlement.

SATELLITES' POSITION

Vladimir Clementis, Foreign Minister of Czechoslovakia, charged that Mr Bevin's statement on behalf of the regional pacts, "practically amounts to abandonment of the ideas of the United Nations."

M. Clementis denied Mr Bevin's assertion that the Eastern satellite nations had been forbidded by Russia to join in the Marshall Plan aid. M. Clementis said those nations were willing to "collaborate only on such schemes as help and do not hinder their own planned economy." He added that there is no argument that the Marshall Plan is "just the opposite of these requirements."

He attacked the "imaginary Iron Curtain" as being the wrong term for "the line divides a really peace-loving people from those who have first place to their imperialistic and selfish aims."

Mr Vishinsky returned midway during the afternoon session and began listening to speeches.—United Press.

MANY STRIKE IN LE HAVRE

Paris, Sept. 27.—Dockers, builders, shipyards and coalmen stopped work in Le Havre today in response to a call for a 24-hour strike by the Communist-led General Confederation of Labour.

Gas, electricity and highway workers, banks and shipping offices did not strike.

A printing strike in the Paris region (not affecting newspapers) stopped work today at a suburban press where part-mutual tickets are printed but arrangements were made to prevent this affecting the working of the "lot."

Racing at Enghien tomorrow was cancelled because of this strike.

The Communist-led Federation of Underground Workers' Unions announced today the first results of a strike it is holding in all mines, in agreement with the Catholic unions, on the question of a general miners' strike from October 1 against staff reductions in the nationalised coal fields.

The results from two pits in the Pas de Calais Department showed overwhelming majorities in favour of striking.—Reuters.

Defence Ministers In Conference

Paris, Sept. 27.—The Defence Ministers of the five Brussels Pact nations met here today at the Ministry of War. The Ministers present were Mr Paul Hammel, of France, Mr A. V. Alexander, of Britain, Colonel Ruyal de Frasne, of Belgium, Mr J. W. Scholten, of The Netherlands, and M. Lambert Schaus, of Luxembourg.

The Defence Ministers discussed the speeding up of joint defence measures between the five countries. They met twice today and further talks will be held tomorrow and probably on Wednesday.—Reuters.

Kind Act Is Rewarded



Mrs. Jean Gels Brehm, 19-year-old waitress, poses happily after she learned that a meal she bought for a "bum" in 1946 may bring her \$35,000. She said a man whose name she thought was Johnson—couldn't pay for a meal he ordered in the Chicago restaurant where she was employed. She paid for the meal. A few days ago a New York law firm informed her a man named Edward Johnson had died, leaving \$35,000 of his half-million dollar estate to her.—AP Picture.

He side-stepped all questions about his preparation for the possible use of force by the Russians in the Western air corridors to Berlin.

"A good outfit plans for everything," he said, "and this is a good outfit." The Russian harassing tactics in the corridors "have not bothered us any at all," General Lemay claimed. He compared the Soviet air technique to "the policy they use against the State Department—and the Military Government—trying to discourage us in our effort."

He said that General Lucius D. Clay, American Military Governor in Germany, had laid down 4,000 tons daily as the British-American air lift's "minimum" requirement with 4,700 tons as the "desirable tonnage."

MUST HAVE RESOURCES

To meet the American share—3,400 tons—the latter figure, General Lemay estimated he needs 225 four-engined C-54 transports. Now he operates with from 115 to 120 daily with another 10 out of action for overhaul and repair.

With the present fleet, the Air Force has averaged 3,200 tons for the past month. But, General Lemay warned, the doubtful winter weather ahead would clog the air supply line unless more C-54s are provided.

"Given facilities and resources, we can put in any tonnage General Clay wants," General Lemay said.

The present tonnage rate exceeds the best record racked up on the wartime India to China hump run, the General pointed out.

The weather has already cramped the air lift somewhat, General Lemay admitted. "We do what we can when the weather is bad, then give it the real blast when it's good."

But regardless of the weather the people of Western Berlin will not suffer privation," he said. Several schemes to step up the air lift are under consideration, the General said, "including the use of more fields in the British zone, allowing a shorter hop to Berlin and barring commercial air liners from the air lift fields, particularly in Berlin and Bremen."

NO KNOWLEDGE

General Lemay said that he knew of no plan to open up 10 more English airfields to the American Air Forces as has been reported in London.

He referred to his new post as Chief of the Strategic Air Forces only in general terms and attributed no special significance to his getting the job—designed for a four-star rank—at this time.

He will leave here only after conferring with Lieutenant General John K. Cannon, his successor, General Lemay said, adding that General Cannon's exact arrival has not yet been set.—United Press.

Possible Cure For Silicosis

Philadelphia, Sept. 27.—The pioneering work of five pulmonary specialists here may result in the eventual cure for Silicosis, the dread occupational disease from the mines, the United Mine Workers reported today.

Definite relief has already been given to hundreds of anthracite miners disabled by the dread disease commonly known as the miners' asthma.

The relief brought to the miners was attributed to the so-called breathing device developed by Dr Hurley L. Motley, director of Burton Laboratory. Its basic part is an atomiser which forms a fine mist and containing certain re-

lieving drugs.—United Press.

Labour Troubles In Finland

Helsinki, September 27.—Wild cat strikes threatened to spread throughout Finland today as the result of persistent Communist propaganda for wage increases.

The harbour of Turku, Finland's traditional strike centre, has been blocked for several days as has been done for the past three days in the past.

Two thousand workers of the Arabin-China factory in Helsinki went on strike today for increased wages and the electricity workers in Turku have been on strike for the past three days.—United Press.

Reign Of Terror In Albania

Chasing Pro-Tito Sympathizers

Belgrade, Sept. 27.—Resistance to the Albanian government's split with Premier Marshal Tito of Yugoslavia has caused a reign of terror in Albania, it was reported today.

The reports said Albanian authorities have issued orders for their militia to shoot on the spot anyone showing pro-Yugoslav sympathies.

The Montenegrin Peoples Front newspaper Pobeda, published in Tuzi, capital of Montenegro, near the Albanian border, was the source of the dispatches printed in Belgrade.

The newspaper said many Albanians were fleeing into Yugoslavia, including army officers and militia men. It was one of these militia who said he had received orders to shoot anyone showing sympathy for Tito.

Albania has aligned herself with the Cominform in its denunciation of Marshal Tito. The split has cut off the tiny country from land communication with the other Soviet satellites, since Albania's only neighbours are Yugoslavia and Greece.

DISBELIEVING PEOPLE

The reports supplement unofficial information received here during the weekend that there are many armed bands in the mountains of the wild country.

The newspaper quoted an Albanian militiaman as saying "most of the people do not believe in the standards against Yugoslavia." The newspaper said hundreds of persons, including heads of local governments and other officials, have been arrested. Still greater numbers are said to have fled into the mountains.

These facts, added to an increasingly critical food situation, lead observers here to believe the unrest might possibly flare into open revolt.—Associated Press.

DANGER OF AN OPEN SPLIT

Nanking, Sept. 27.—The deepening diplomatic enigma of Sino-Soviet relations is expected to come to a head if the Legislative Yuan approves Dr Pan Chao-ying's resolution for official condemnation of the Soviet violation of the 1945 Sino-Soviet treaty of friendship.

Although the dominant official temper favours a switch from "appeasement" to "get tough," the Foreign Minister, under Dr Wang Shih-chih, is known to be using all wirepulling resources to block the bill in an effort to avert or delay the coming crisis.

Dr George Yeh, Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs, warned the Legislative Yuan's Foreign Relations Committee that "passage of the bill would mean war."

However, the legislators—in face of increasing support of a showdown with Russia—dismissed the warning as "childish."

However, it was admitted that passage of the bill would bring about an open break which the government at present is not willing to face.

ONEWAY BENEFITS

The bill, which is now in the committee's hands, centres on the treaty as the basic instrument governing diplomatic relations between China and Russia.

The Chinese consider the "benefits" under the treaty a oneway traffic. Russia not only obtained all the benefits given her but also had taken advantage of the foothold gained on Chinese soil to further the interests of her satellite Chiang.

Dr Pan said under Article two, China would not be able to side with the United States in convening a Japanese peace conference. With China and Russia out, it is an obvious conclusion that peace would be delayed indefinitely.

He said Article four technically restricts China's freedom of voting or alignment in regard to any world question in the United Nations.

ALLEGED VIOLATIONS

Dr Pan charged Russia with the following violations which he wants the government to condemn.

(1) turning over surrendered arms and ammunition to the Chinese Reds;

(2) removal of industrial machinery from Manchuria valued at US\$2,000,000;

(3) plunder of Chinese property and raping Chinese women by Soviet soldiers in Manchuria.

Dr Pan said the Foreign Ministry has 500 such cases on file.

(4) blocking Chinese administration of Dairen and Port Arthur.

(5) military and advisory assistance to the Chinese Reds.

(6) assistance in the shipment of supplies from Linotung Peninsula to the Chinese Reds in Shantung.

(7) interference in China's internal affairs by playing northern Russian army intelligence officers in Manchuria. This fact was not made public on instructions from the Foreign Ministry.

The three Russians were the uniforms of the Eighth Route Army at the time of their capture. They are now in custody somewhere in Szechuan Province.

ADMIT CITIZENSHIP

According to a government intelligence source, the three men admitted Soviet citizenship and that they were intelligence officers, but denied they were on an official mission for the Soviet government.

Legislative Yuan circles said regardless whether it can be shown the Soviets are giving direct aid to the Communists, the initial deliberations in Soviet, withdrawal of the Manchurian, the blocking of the re-establishment of Chinese administration in Dairen and Port Arthur and Chinese efforts to take over Manchuria in 1945-46, gave the Chinese Communists an enormous lift in their fortunes.

Japs Clamour For Repatriation

Tokyo, Sept. 27.—Four thousand representatives of families from all parts of Japan, at a mass meeting today, clamoured for the repatriation within a year of relatives still detained in Soviet-controlled territories.

The speakers shouted there were still over half a million Japanese in Siberia and other Soviet territories and their families want them back before another hard winter sets in.

United Press.

Two thousand workers of the Arabin-China factory in Helsinki went on strike today for increased wages and the electricity workers in Turku have been on strike for the past three days.—United Press.

London, Sept. 27.—Frank Cellier, actor and producer on the London stage for 45 years, died on Monday aged 64.—Associated Press.



HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

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by the South China Morning Post and Hong Kong Telegraph

Staff Photographers are on view

in the

Morning Post Building.

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that not less than 24 hours notice

prior to the day of publication should

be given for all commercial display

advertisements, change of copy etc.

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will be received up to 10 a.m. and

urgent notices until noon on day of

issue. Saturdays not later than

9.30.

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AMERICAN desires permanent employ-

ment and mess supervisor for the U.S. Army

24th Corp Hdqrs' Seoul, Korea.

A 21-year-old man, experience

buying and selling food and food prod-